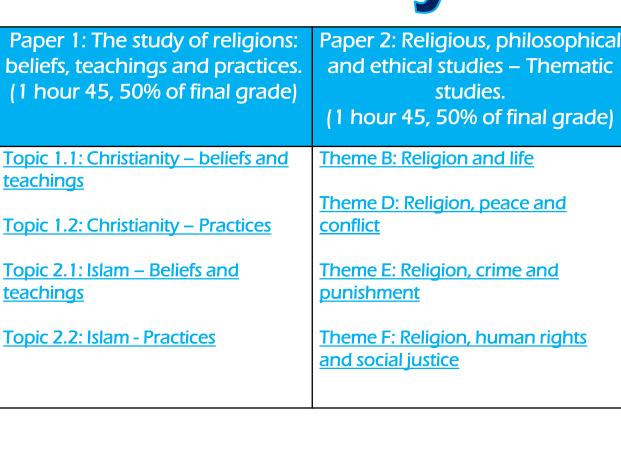
## What will you be learning in GCSE PRE?



Why are Angels.

Why is the afterlife

significant in the life

of Christians?

**Christianity** beliefs

and teachings

Why did Jesus

PPG:

Islam beliefs and

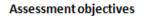
teachings

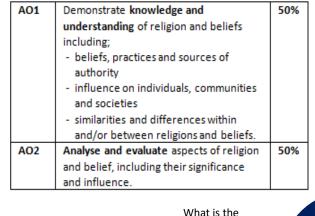
What do Sunni

and Shia Muslims

believe?

Who caused the original sin?





Why do we punish

relationship between

the afterlife and the

value of human life?



End of unit

What do the

important

festivals symbolise?

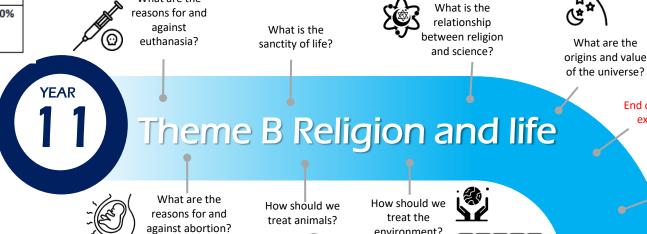
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Mock Exam

What is the

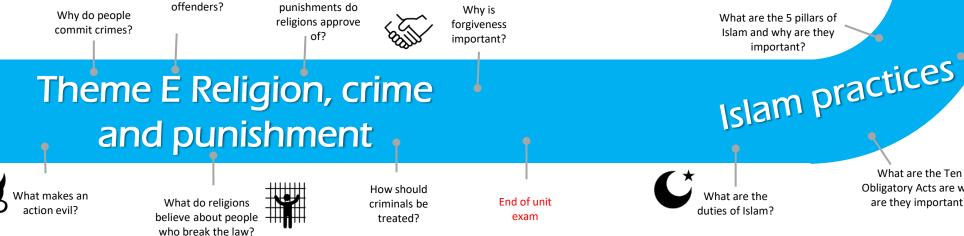
significance of

Jihad?



environment?

What are the



### Where can you go for extra support/revision?

1. Speak to Miss Richards! I am here to help.

2. Senecalearning

Exam:

What types of

GCSE Bitesize Religious Studies



AQA website

What are the Ten

Obligatory Acts are why

are they important?

Exam:

Exam:

**Grade:** 

%

Exam: Exam: % %

Keep a track of your progress here:

**Grade: Grade:** 

Why are Holy

Books significant?

What does the

oneness of Allah

mean to Muslims?

End of unit

PPG:

Why is salvation needed to go to

Heaven?

D'B

Why is life after death

significant to

End of unit

exam

How is God the

Father, Son and Holy

Spirit in one?

What are the

characteristics of God?

Why are

**Prophets** 

significant?

Exam: %

**Grade:** 

PPG:

PPG:

**Grade:** 

% **Grade:** PPG:



PPG:

# Christianity beliefs and teachings



I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### Key beliefs

- The nature of God:
- God as omnipotent, loving and just, and the problem of evil and suffering
- the oneness of God and the Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.
- Different Christian beliefs about creation including the role of Word and Spirit (John 1:1–3 and Genesis 1:1–3).
- Different Christian beliefs about the afterlife and their importance, including: resurrection and life after death; judgement, heaven and hell.

#### Jesus Christ and salvation

- Beliefs and teachings about:
- the incarnation and Jesus as the Son of God
- the crucifixion, resurrection and ascension
- sin, including original sin
- the means of salvation, including law, grace and Spirit
- the role of Christ in salvation including the idea of atonement.



What are the characteristics of God?



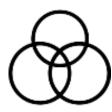
Why did Jesus need to die?



Who caused the original sin?

## Christianity beliefs and teachings

Next topic: Islam beliefs and teachings



How is God the Father, Son and Holy Spirit in one?

Why is the afterlife significant in the life of Christians?



Why is salvation needed to go to Heaven?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





**BBC** Bitesize Christianity



**BBC** Religions Christianity



**BBC Class Clips** 

#### Homework

# Islam beliefs and teachings



Next topic:

Religion, crime and punishment

I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### **Key beliefs**

- The six articles of faith in Sunni Islam and five roots of Usul ad-Din in Shi'a Islam, including key similarities and differences.
- The Oneness of God (Tawhid), Our'an Surah 112.
- The nature of God: omnipotence, beneficence, mercy, fairness and justice (Adalat in Shi'a Islam), including different ideas about God's relationship with the world: immanence and transcendence.
- Angels, their nature and role, including Jibril and Mika'il.
- Predestination and human freedom and its relationship to the Day of Judgement.
- Life after death (Akhirah), human responsibility and accountability, resurrection, heaven and hell.

#### Authority

- Prophethood (Risalah) including the role and importance of Adam, Ibrahim and Muhammad.
- The holy books:
- Our'an: revelation and authority
- the Torah, the Psalms, the Gospel, the Scrolls of Abraham and their authority
- The imamate in Shi'a Islam: its role and significance.



What does the oneness of Allah mean to Muslims?



Why are Prophets significant?



## Islam beliefs and teachings

What do Sunni and Shia Muslims believe?

Why are Angels significant?



Why is life after death significant to Muslims?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





SCAN ME

BBC Bitesize
Islam





#### Homework:

# Religion, crime and punishment (i)

Next topic: Islam **Practices** 

I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### Religion, crime and the causes of crime

- Good and evil intentions and actions, including whether it can ever be good to cause suffering.
- Reasons for crime, including:
- poverty and upbringing
- mental illness and addiction
- greed and hate
- opposition to an unjust law.
- Views about people who break the law for these reasons.
- Views about different types of crime, including hate crimes, theft and murder.

Why do people commit crimes?



What do religions believe about people who break the law?

#### Religion and punishment

- The aims of punishment, including:
- retribution
- deterrence
- reformation.
- The treatment of criminals, including:
- prison
- corporal punishment
- community service.
- Forgiveness.
- The death penalty.
- Ethical arguments related to the death penalty, including those based on the principle of utility and sanctity of life.



How should criminals be treated?

# Religion, crime and punishment

Why do we punish offenders?

What types of punishments do religions approve of?

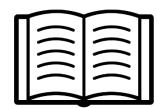


Why is forgiveness important?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





**BBC** Bitesize Crime and punishment



**Revision world** 



**BBC Class Clips** 



# Islam practices



I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### Worship

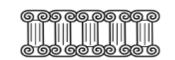
- Five Pillars of Sunni Islam and the Ten Obligatory Acts of Shi'a Islam (students should study the Five Pillars and jihad in both Sunni and Shi'a Islam and the additional duties of Shi'a Islam).
- Shahadah: declaration of faith and its place in Muslim practice.
- Salah and its significance: how and why Muslims pray including times, directions, ablution (wudu), movements (rak'ahs) and recitations; salah in the home and mosque and elsewhere; Friday prayer (Jummah); key differences in the practice of salah in Sunni and Shi'a Islam, and different Muslim views about the importance of prayer.

#### **Duties and festivals**

- Sawm: the role and significance of fasting during the month of Ramadan including origins, duties, benefits of fasting, the exceptions and their reasons, and the Night of Power, Our'an 96:1–5.
- Zakah: the role and significance of giving alms including origins, how and why it is given, benefits of receipt, Khums in Shi'a Islam.
- Hajj: the role and significance of the pilgrimage to Makkah including origins, how hajj is performed, the actions pilgrims perform at sites including the Ka'aba at Makkah, Mina, Arafat, Muzdalifah and their significance.
- Jihad: different understandings of jihad: the meaning and significance of greater and lesser jihad; origins, influence and conditions for the declaration of lesser jihad.
- Festivals and commemorations and their importance for Muslims in Great Britain today, including the origins and meanings of Id-ul-Adha, Id-ul-Fitr, Ashura.



What are the duties of Islam?



What are the five pillars and why are they important?

What do the important festivals symbolise?



Islam practices

What are the Ten
Obligatory Acts are why
are they important?

What is the significance of Jihad?

Summer Mock Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

Next topic: Theme B Religion and life

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





BBC Bitesize



BBC Religions



**BBC Class Clips** 

Homework:

# Religion and life

I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### The origins and value of the universe

- The origins of the universe, including:
- religious teachings about the origins of the universe, and different interpretations of these
- the relationship between scientific views, such as the Big Bang theory, and religious views.
- The value of the world and the duty of human beings to protect it, including religious teaching about stewardship, dominion, responsibility, awe and wonder.
- The use and abuse of the environment, including the use of natural resources, pollution.
- The use and abuse of animals, including:
- animal experimentation
- the use of animals for food.

The origins and value of human life • The origins of life, including:

- religious teachings about the origins of human life, and different interpretations of these
- the relationship between scientific views, such as evolution, and religious views.
- The concepts of sanctity of life and the quality of life.
- Abortion, including situations when the mother's life is at risk.
- Ethical arguments related to abortion, including those based on the sanctity of life and quality of life.
- Euthanasia.
- Beliefs about death and an afterlife, and their impact on beliefs about the value of human life.

What are the origins and value of the universe?

How should we treat the environment?



What is the sanctity of life?



What are the reasons for an against euthanasia?

## Religion and life

Next topic: Christian Practices

What is the relationship between religion and science?

How should we treat animals?



What are the reasons for an against abortion?

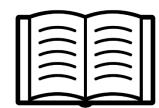


What is the relationship between the afterlife and the value of human life?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





BBC Bitesize Religion and life

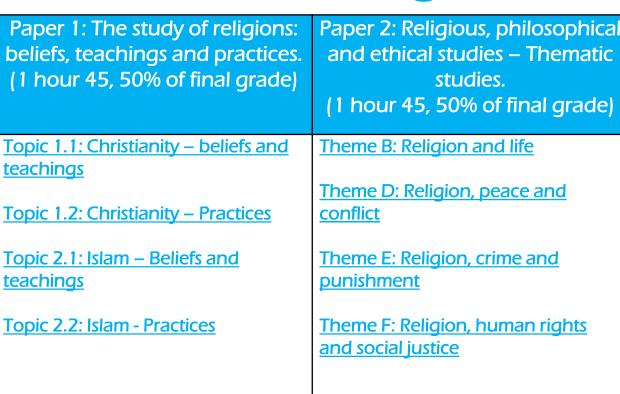




**BBC Class Clips** 

Homework:

## What will you be learning in GCSE PRE?



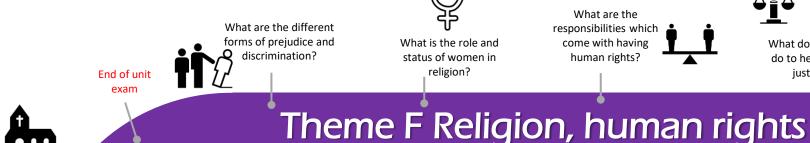
#### Assessment objectives

A01	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of religion and beliefs including; - beliefs, practices and sources of authority - influence on individuals, communities and societies - similarities and differences within	50%		
			and/or between religions and beliefs.	
		A02	Analyse and evaluate aspects of religion	50%
and belief, including their significance				
and influence.				

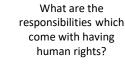
How effectively can I apply and demonstrate my religious literacy?

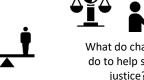


Exam prep and revision













What are the religious views on iolence and violent protest?

What are the reasons for war?

Theme D Religion, peace

and conflict

What is a just

the modern world?

**Mock Exams** 

End of unit

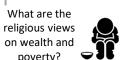
exam How do religions

support victims of war??



What is the role of the church in the local community?

> Where do Christians go on pilgrimage and



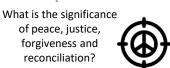
Why is praver

What are the responsibilities associated with wealth?

and social justice



End of unit exam



1. Speak to Miss Richards! I am here to help.



Where can you go for extra support/revision?

What are the views of pacifism?

GCSE Bitesize Religious Studies

%



What is the elationship between religion and war in

> What are the reasons for and against weapons of mass destruction?



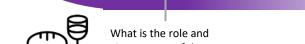
Why are Christmas and Easter important to Christians?





What is the role and importance of the

What are the different types of worship? worship?



Keep a track of your progress here:

Exam: %

**Grade:** 

PPG:



Exam:

%

**Grade:** 

PPG:



Exam:

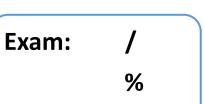
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**Grade:** PPG:









2. Senecalearning

**Grade:** 

PPG:





**Grade:** PPG:

Exam:



Exam:

%

**Grade:** 

PPG:







# Christianity practices

I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### **Practices**

- Different forms of worship and their significance:
- liturgical, non-liturgical and informal, including the use of the Bible
- private worship.
- Prayer and its significance, including the Lord's Prayer, set prayers and informal prayer.
- The role and meaning of the sacraments:
- the meaning of sacrament
- the sacrament of baptism and its significance for Christians; infant and believers' baptism;
- different beliefs about infant baptism
- the sacrament of Eucharist (Holy Communion) and its significance for Christians, including different ways in which it is celebrated and different interpretations of its meaning.

The role and importance of pilgrimage and celebrations including:

- two contrasting examples of Christian pilgrimage: Lourdes and Iona
- the celebrations of Christmas and Easter, including their importance for Christians in Great Britain today.

What are the different types of worship?



What is the role and importance of the sacraments?



banks and street pastors.

working for reconciliation

Why are Christmas and Easter important to Christians?

The role of the church in the local and worldwide community

The role of the Church in the local community, including food

The place of mission, evangelism and Church growth.

• The importance of the worldwide Church including:

how Christian churches respond to persecution

the work of one of the following: Catholic Agency For

Overseas Development (CAFOD), Christian Aid, Tearfund.



## Christianity practices



Why is prayer important?



Where do Christians go on pilgrimage and why?



What is the role of the church in the local community?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





**BBC Bitesize** Christianity



**Revision world** 



**BBC Class Clips** 

There are weekly homework's for GCSE PRE. Please ensure you write them in your planner and keep an eye on Teams.

Next topic: Theme F Religion, human rights and social justice

# Religion human rights and social justice

I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### **Human rights**

- Prejudice and discrimination in religion and belief, including the status and treatment within religion of women and homosexuals.
- Issues of equality, freedom of religion and belief including freedom of religious expression.
- Human rights and the responsibilities that come with rights, including the responsibility to respect the rights of others.
- Social justice.
- Racial prejudice and discrimination.
- Ethical arguments related to racial discrimination (including positive discrimination), including those based on the ideals of equality and justice.

#### Wealth and poverty

- Wealth, including:
- the right attitude to wealth
- the uses of wealth.
- The responsibilities of wealth, including the duty to tackle poverty and its causes.
- Exploitation of the poor including issues relating to:
- fair pay
- excessive interest on loans
- people-trafficking.
- The responsibilities of those living in poverty to help themselves overcome the difficulties they face.
- Charity, including issues related to giving money to the poor.



What are the different forms of prejudice and discrimination?



What are the responsibilities associated with wealth?



What do charities do to help social justice?



## Religion, human rights and social justice



What are the religious views on wealth and poverty?



What is the role and status of women in religion?



What are the responsibilities which come with having human rights?

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

Next topic: Theme D Religion, peace and conflict

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





BBC Bitesize Human rights



**Revision world** 



**BBC Class Clips** 

#### Homework:

# Religion, peace and conflict



I can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

#### Religion, violence, terrorism and war

- The meaning and significance of:
- Peace
- **Justice**
- Forgiveness
- Reconciliation.
- Violence, including violent protest.
- Terrorism.
- Reasons for war, including greed, self-defence and retaliation.
- The just war theory, including the criteria for a just war.
- Holy war.
- Pacifism.

#### Religion and belief in 21st century conflict

- Religion and belief as a cause of war and violence in the contemporary world.
- Nuclear weapons, including nuclear deterrence.
- The use of weapons of mass destruction.
- Religion and peace-making in the contemporary world including the work of individuals influenced by religious teaching.
- Religious responses to the victims of war including the work of one present day religious organisation.



What is the significance of peace, justice, forgiveness and reconciliation?

What are the views of pacifism?

What are the reasons for and against weapons of mass destruction?



What is the relationship between religion and war in the modern world?

## Religion, peace and conflict

What are the religious views on violence and violent protest?



What are the reasons for war? What is a just war and a holy war?

How do religions support victims of war??

Exam: what progress have I made so far this year?

### How can you take your learning further?

Below is also a list of recommended websites/books/films which you could access to deepen your learning in this topic.





**BBC Bitesize** Religion, peace and conflict



**Revision world** 



**BBC Class Clips** 

