

History - Year 7 - Summer 1 - The Crusades - Knowledge

Key term

Definition

Crusade	A religious war fought for control of the Holy land
Pilgrimage	A journey to a holy place for religious reasons
Holy Land	An area important to a religion, such as Jerusalem.
Crusader State	A land ruled by crusaders set up in the Holy land by crusaders
Knight	Trained soldiers on horseback.
Baghdad	A city in modern day Iraq. The centre of the Islamic Golden age.
Pope	The head of the Roman catholic church. Based in Rome.
Sultan	A Muslim ruler who had Political and Military power.
Jerusalem	A city in modern day Israel. Important to all 3 Abrahamic religions. Christianity, Islam, Judaism.
Holy Sepulchre	A church built upon the site of Jesus crucifixion
Caliph	Leader of the Muslim world

Local History

Revised



GD



Features of the Islamic Golden age

Education and learning-

Scholars studied science, maths and literature. The house of wisdom in Baghdad became a key centre of learning.

Trade and wealth-Strong links with Asia, Europe and Africa. Very important part of world trade routes.

Science and Medicine-

Advances in Maths, Astronomy, and medicine. New hospitals and treatments developed.

Technology- astrolabes invented, new engineering improved infrastructure. Water clock and windmills improved daily life while the adoption of gunpowder revolutionised warfare.



Why go on a crusade



Religious Belief- Church ruled daily life and people believed they were fighting for god.



Spiritual reward- The pope promised that the sins of all that went on crusade would be forgiven.



Chance of loot- Crusaders could keep a lot of the things they managed to capture and this enticed a lot of people



Power and Glory- Knights wanted fame and glory. Fighting and proving yourself in battle was the best way for a knight.

Important Figures

Saladin



Leader of the Muslims who fought and captured Jerusalem. Known as a great warrior and being kind and fair

Richard I "The Lionheart"



An English king who also ruled parts of France. Known as a brave warrior..

Phillip II



A French king who left on the crusade with Richard but argued with him and left early.

Fredrick I of Holy Roman Empire



Known as Barbarossa. Was king of Germany and led a huge army. He died on the journey and so his crusade failed.

CRUSADE TIMELINE



